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auditor is hereby directed to draw his orders upon the general treasurer for the payment of said sum upon the receipt by him of proper vouchers approved by the secretary of state.

**Practice of Medicine or Surgery—Examination and License by State Board of Health. (Chap. 1216, Act Apr. 22, 1915.)**

SECTION 1. Section 3 of chapter 193 of the General Laws, entitled "Of the practice of medicine," as amended by chapter 1057 of the Public Laws, passed at the January session, A. D. 1914, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. Authority to practice medicine under this chapter shall be a certificate from the State board of health, and said board shall, upon application, after examination, issue a certificate signed by the president and countersigned by the secretary of said board to any reputable physician who intends to practice medicine or surgery in this State who presents satisfactory evidence of graduation from a medical school in good standing and who shall present himself before the State board of Health and pass in a satisfactory manner such examination as said board may require: *Provided, however,* That the provisions of this section shall not apply to any person lawfully engaged in the practice of medicine or surgery in this State on the 22d day of May, 1908. Any physician so presenting himself for examination shall present to said board a receipt of the general treasurer that he has paid into the State treasury the sum of \$20 as a fee for such examination, and said fee shall in no case be returned: *Provided, however,* That an applicant who fails to pass an examination satisfactory to the board, and is therefore refused registration, shall be entitled, within one year after such refusal, to a reexamination at a meeting of the board called for the examination of applicants, without the payment of an additional fee."

**SOUTH DAKOTA.**

**Pollution of Streams, Lakes, and Other Bodies of Water—Prevention of. (Reg. 174, Bd. of H., July 16, 1915.)**

1. No sewage, drainage, domestic, factory, or industrial refuse, excremental or other polluting matters of any kind whatsoever, which, either by itself or in connection with other matter, corrupts or impairs or tends to corrupt or impair, the water so as to render its use, or the use of ice formed therefrom, detrimental or dangerous to health, shall be placed in or discharged into any river, brook, stream, or tributary branch thereof, or of any lake, pond, or other public stream or body of water, within or abounding the State of South Dakota, from which water or ice is, or may be, taken for domestic purposes.

2. No sewage, drainage, domestic or industrial refuse, excremental or other polluting matters of any kind whatsoever, which, either by itself or in connection with other matter, corrupts or pollutes, or tends to corrupt or pollute the water thereof, shall be placed in or discharged into any river, brook, stream, or of any tributary or branch thereof, or of any lake, pond, or other public stream or body of water, within or bounding the State of South Dakota, so as to render same injurious or dangerous to the public health.

3. Complaint may be made to the State board of health of the violation of the provisions of the foregoing regulations. Whenever the county board of health of any county of the State or the health officer or board of any city or town of the State, or 10 per cent of the electors of any county, city, or town of the State, shall file with the State board of health a complaint in writing, setting forth that the waters of any river, brook, stream, or tributary or branch thereof, or of any lake, pond, or other public stream or body of water are corrupted, impaired, or polluted as prohibited in the foregoing sections, and specify the causes thereof, the State board of health, if it deems

such complaint sufficient and warranted will make an order appointing a hearing thereon and the superintendent shall give such notice of said hearing by posting, publishing, or otherwise, as the board by its order shall prescribe. At such hearing any party interested may appear and be heard with reference thereto. The State board of health will thereupon make its findings, and with the approval of the attorney general make such regulations and directions as shall be required to prevent the corruption and pollution of said waters.

4. The State board of health will proceed of its own motion, when deemed necessary to protect the public health, to investigate alleged pollution of streams or public waters of the State, whether with or without a hearing, as the board deems best, and make, with the approval of the attorney general, such regulations as it deems necessary in any such case.

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